

BAKER COLLEGE STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

CS 3110 C# Programming 3 Semester Hours

Student Learning Outcomes and Enabling Objectives

- 1. Use problem-solving techniques related to the C# programming language.
 - a. Develop a technique to solve problems and implement their solutions using C#.
 - b. Write object-oriented C# programs to solve problems.
 - c. Use an integrated development environment to build C# programs.
- 2. Revisit the elements of object-oriented programming languages using C#.
 - a. Review primitive data types (e.g., integers, floats, doubles, characters, etc.) and their operators.
 - b. Review arrays, strings, and Classes including objects, properties, and methods.
 - c. Review conditionals, loops, pointers, and reference types.
 - d. Review input/output.
- 3. Analyze Functions.
 - a. Review parameters, passing by value, passing by reference, using pointers.
 - b. Review typed and untyped functions.
 - c. Review scope and local variables.
 - d. Review passing arrays, structures, objects.
- 4. Analyze Classes.
 - a. Use constructors and object initialization.
 - b. Use single and multiple inheritance when defining classes.
 - c. Use overriding and overloaded functions.
 - d. Use visibility modifiers to control access.
- 5. Examine the use of events.
 - a. Understand throwing, catching, and blocking exceptions.
 - b. Create and use custom exceptions.
- 6. Investigate the use of recursion.
 - a. Explain direct and indirect recursion.
 - b. Discuss infinite recursion.
 - c. Compare and contrast the advantages/disadvantages of recursion compared to iteration.
- 7. Develop working object-oriented programs using the C# programming language.
 - a. Create Classes using the C# programming language.
 - i. Encapsulate object data and behavior.
 - ii. Create static and non-static Class members.
 - iii. Use the **this** pointer.
 - iv. Use polymorphism.

- b. Create and manipulate an array in the C# programming language.
 - i. Use the **for** and **foreach** loop control structures.
 - ii. Create and manipulate multidimensional arrays.
 - iii. Use the **ArrayList** class.
- c. Create documentation for working object-oriented C# programs.
- 8. Investigate the use of multithreading.
 - a. Explain how to create and manage threads.
 - b. Develop asynchronous solutions.
- 9. Work as part of a team to design, create, test, debug, and document an object-oriented C# program.
 - a. Discuss the importance of teams in the programming field.
 - b. Create the documentation for a working C# program.
 - c. Develop a working object-oriented C# program as a team.

Big Ideas and Essential Questions

Big Ideas

- Object-Oriented Programming Core Principles
- Problem solving and program development using the C# language
- Teamwork

Essential Questions

- 1. How do programmers solve problems?
- 2. What is the C# programming language?
- 3. Why do programmers use the C# programming language?
- 4. What are the elements of the C# programming language?
- 5. What facilities does C# provide to support object-oriented programming?
- 6. After solving a problem, how do programmers implement the solution as an object-oriented C# program?
- 7. How do programmers build Classes using the C# language?
- 8. How do programmers utilize procedural code within C# programs?
- 9. Why is teamwork so important in the programming field?

These SLOs are approved for experiential credit.

Effective: Spring 2020