

BAKER COLLEGE STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

MTH 1070 Quantitative Reasoning 3 Semester Credit Hours

Student Learning Outcomes and Enabling Objectives

- 1. Apply linear, quadratic, exponential, and logarithmic models to solve real world problems.
 - a. Solve linear equations, linear inequalities, and quadratic equations.
 - b. Graph linear equations and linear inequalities.
 - c. Calculate values for exponential and logarithmic functions.
 - d. Recognize the appropriate model for a particular set data or situation.
- 2. Apply the principles of probability to determine the likelihood of an outcome.
 - a. Determine the number of outcomes using the Fundamental Counting Principle and formulas for combinations and permutations.
 - b. Calculate probabilities related to compound events involving the connectors and, not, and or.
 - c. Calculate conditional probability.
 - d. Calculate the expected value in a situation involving probability.
 - e. Describe the characteristics of a normal distribution.
 - f. Apply the Empirical Rule to describe patterns in normally distributed data.
 - g. Calculate probability from a normal distribution.
- 3. Apply data analysis to real world situations.
 - a. Describe sampling techniques.
 - b. Calculate measures of central tendency and dispersion.
 - c. Graph bivariate data using a scatter plot.
 - d. Describe the relationship between bivariate data values using correlation and regression.
- 4. Determine the choice of a group using a variety of voting methods such as Plurality, Pairwise Comparison, Approval, or the Borda Count.
 - a. Describe the characteristics of various voting methods.
 - b. Define the majority, monotonicity and irrelevant alternatives criterions.
- 5. Illustrate real world situations using mathematical structures, i.e., graphs and circuits.
 - a. Identify vertices, paths and circuits in an existing graph.
 - b. Recognize equivalent graphs.

- c. Apply Euler's Theorem or Fleury's Algorithm to determine if an Euler path or circuit is present in a connected graph.
- d. Identify Hamilton paths and circuits.
- e. Develop a complete weighted graph.
- f. Determine an optimal solution for a Hamilton circuit using various methods such as the Brute Force Method, Nearest Neighbor Method, or Cheapest Link Algorithm.

Big Ideas and Essential Questions

Big Ideas

- Algebraic Models
- Probability and Statistics
- Voting Methods
- Graph Theory

Essential Questions

- 1. How do mathematical models help me think critically about a given situation?
- 2. How does an understanding of probability and statistics help me make better decisions?
- 3. How can mathematics help me understand how group choices are made?
- 4. How can an understanding of graph theory help me make decisions that are efficient in real world applications?

These SLOs are not approved for experiential credit.

Effective: Spring 2022