

## BAKER COLLEGE STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

# Procedures and Nursing 6 Semester Credit Hours

### **Student Learning Outcomes and Enabling Objectives**

- 1. Summarize different techniques of physical therapy administration.
  - a. Summarize uses of hydrotherapy.
  - b. Summarize physical therapy for the post-operative patient.
  - c. Summarize physical therapy for orthopedic conditions.
  - d. Summarize physical therapy for neurological conditions.
- 2. Characterize care of the recumbent patient.
  - a. Describe sequelae that develop in chronically recumbent patients.
  - b. Describe methods to prevent sequelae from developing in recumbent patients.
- 3. Analyze the maintenance of indwelling tubes.
  - a. Analyze maintenance of the thoracostomy tube.
  - b. Analyze maintenance of the tracheostomy.
  - c. Analyze the maintenance of the esophagostomy tube.
- 4. Evaluate the procedures to perform humane euthanasia.
  - a. Evaluate appropriate paperwork.
  - b. Evaluate appropriate methods of euthanasia.
  - c. Evaluate appropriate aftercare recommendations.
  - d. Illustrate the technician's role in euthanasia and client bereavement.
- 5. Explain the procedure for removal of casts.
  - a. Explain appropriate restraint for removal of casts.
  - b. Describe appropriate tools necessary for removal of casts.
- 6. Summarize emergency protocols, various emergency techniques, and the proper maintenance of supplies and equipment.
  - a. Describe the procedure for triage.

- b. Recognize and respond to an emergency situation.
  - i. Simulate first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
  - ii. Demonstrate use of ambu-bag.
  - iii. Demonstrate application of emergency splints and bandage.
  - iv. Demonstrate an understanding of how to resuscitate with anesthetic antagonists in emergency situation.
- c. Construct a plan for maintenance of emergency medical supplies/crash cart.
- d. Describe the uses and dangers of a ventilator and defibrillator.
- e. Describe the procedure for blood transfusions.
- 7. Document objective patient data.
  - a. Acquire a thorough patient history.
  - b. Acquire temperature of dog/cat.
  - c. Acquire pulse of dog/cat.
  - d. Acquire respiration rate of dog/cat.
  - e. Demonstrate the ability to auscultate heart of dog/cat.
  - f. Demonstrate the ability to auscultate lungs of dog/cat.
  - g. Classify hydration status of dog/cat.
- 8. Specify the correct care of exposed tissue and organs during surgery.
  - a. Demonstrate appropriate control of hemorrhage from organs and tissues.
  - b. Demonstrate appropriate handling of organs during surgery.
- 9. Demonstrate the ability to properly pass instruments and supplies during surgery.
  - a. Demonstrate aseptic passing of instruments while gowned and gloved.
  - b. Demonstrate aseptic passing of instruments while not gowned and gloved.
- 10. Illustrate basic suturing techniques.
  - a. Use a model to demonstrate simple interrupted suture technique.
  - b. Use a model to demonstrate simple continuous suture technique.
- 11. Model the ability to calculate and administer medications related to anesthesia.
  - a. Demonstrate the ability to calculate and administer pre-anesthetic medications.
  - b. Demonstrate the ability to calculate and administer injectable analgesics, sedatives, and anesthetics.
- 12. Facilitate induction and maintenance of general anesthesia.
  - a. Demonstrate induction and maintenance of general anesthesia using IV anesthetics.
  - b. Demonstrate induction and maintenance of general anesthesia using inhalant anesthesia and anesthetic machines.
  - c. Demonstrate induction using a chamber.

- d. Demonstrate induction using a mask.
- e. Demonstrate placement and maintenance of endotracheal tube.
- f. Demonstrate low pressure check of anesthetic machine.
- g. Demonstrate appropriate use of anesthetic machine to deliver and maintain anesthesia.
- 13. Illustrate proper anesthetic delivery and use of monitoring equipment.
  - a. Demonstrate the use of esophageal stethoscope.
  - b. Demonstrate the use of pulse oximeter.
  - c. Demonstrate the use of a blood pressure unit.
  - d. Explain mechanical ventilation.
  - e. Demonstrate the use of ECG.
  - f. Demonstrate maintenance procedures for anesthetic equipment.
- 14. Specify post-operative monitoring technician responsibilities.
  - a. Demonstrate post-operative monitoring of anesthetized patient
  - b. Demonstrate recovery of the anesthetized patient.
- 15. Manage the administration of post-operative pain management.
  - a. Demonstrate appropriate preparation of medication.
  - b. Demonstrate appropriate delivery of medication.
- 16. Summarize the use and maintenance of flexible and rigid endoscopes.
  - a. Summarize general care of endoscopes.
  - b. Summarize general uses of endoscopes.
- 17. Summarize the use and maintenance of cautery and suction machines.
  - a. Summarize general care of cautery and suction machines.
  - b. Summarize general uses for cautery and suction machines.
- 18. Summarize organic and inorganic substances that cause toxicity.
  - a. Calculate toxic doses.
- 19. Develop hospital nutrition protocols.
  - a. Present nutrition protocol.
- 20. Differentiate the techniques used in equine and large animal anesthesia from those performed during small animal anesthesia.
  - a. Describe large animal field anesthesia.
  - b. Describe large animal anesthesia in an operating room.

- 21. Assess the effect of personality on workplace dynamics.
  - a. Utilize a workplace personality profile.
  - b. Evaluate results of personality profile.
- 22. Illustrate techniques used to build client rapport.
  - a. Demonstrate active listening techniques.
  - b. Demonstrate appropriate oral communication with a client.
- 23. Create discharge instructions of a medical case.
  - a. Provide written discharge instructions.
  - b. Dramatize presenting discharge instructions to a client.

#### **Big Ideas and Essential Questions**

#### **Big Ideas**

- Administration of physical therapy and recumbent patient care
- Care of indwelling tubes
- Euthanasia
- Emergency protocols and equipment
- Patient objective data
- Care of exposed tissues in surgery
- Pass instruments and supplies in surgery
- Calculate and administer anesthetic related medications
- Induction, maintenance, and monitoring of anesthesia
- Post-op analgesia and monitoring
- Use and care of endoscope, cautery, and suction machines.
- Nutrition protocols
- Large animal anesthesia
- Personality and behavior
- Client rapport and medical instruction

#### **Essential Questions**

- 1. How do you determine the modality of physical therapy for individual patients?
- 2. Why do indwelling tubes require special care and maintenance?
- 3. How do the approved methods of euthanasia vary for different species?

- 4. What is the purpose of creating and understanding protocols for treating emergency patients?
- 5. What is the technician's role in obtaining objective data?
- 6. In which ways do physical exams vary between species?
- 7. Why do tissues exposed during surgery require specific care?
- 8. What is the importance of proficiency in passing instruments and supplies in surgery?
- 9. What role does the technician play to ensure asepsis in the surgical suite?
- 10. What is the technician's role in induction, maintenance, and monitoring anesthesia?
- 11. What is the importance of understanding pre- and post-op patient care?
- 12. Why does surgically related equipment require exacting care?
- 13. How is nutrition an essential factor for the surgical patient?
- 14. How do the protocols, medications, and monitoring procedures differ between large and small animal species?
- 15. What is the significance of understanding personality variables between yourself and your coworkers?
- 16. What is the technician's function in explaining medical instructions to clients?

These SLOs are not approved for experiential credit.

**Effective: Summer 2023**